Government of India securities. If this special receipt, as also the excess over the budgeted receipt amounting to Rs. 2·57 lakhs on account of subventions from the Central Road Development Account, be deducted from the anticipations of the current year, the total revenue next year is expected to be Rs 2 61 lakhs more than the current year's. The decrease of Rs 2·84 lakhs from our expectations this year is the net result of a decline in revenue to the extent of Rs 6·09 lakhs under some of the revenue heads especially Salt (·50), Customs (·20), Interest (2·01) and Buildings, Communications and Miscellaneous Public Improvements (2·92), counterbalanced by improvement in revenue to the extent of Rs 3·25 lakhs under others, of which Land Revenue and Forest contribute Rs 1·60 lakhs and Rs ·50 of a lakh respectively.

Salt.—The expected decrease is under Recoveries on account of charges incurred in the sale of salt, due to larger sales by the licensees themselves on payment of duty.

Customs. As already explained, the large increase under Imports this year was due to the import of a large quantity of Ceylon copra. A decline of Rs ·50 of a lakh under Exports including tea and of Rs ·75 of a lakh under Imports is anticipated during the next year. But, the receipt from our participation in the Cochin Harbour Scheme is expected to be Rs 1·06 lakhs more than the current year's receipt of Rs 12·94 lakhs.

Interest.—It has already been explained that the current year's revenue includes Rs 2·88 lakhs on account of premium realised by the conversion and sale of some of our surplus investments in Government of India Securities in a favourable market. We have no such programme for the coming year.

Buildings, Communications and Miscellaneous Public Improvements.—The subventions from the Central Road Development Account of the Government of India are expected to amount to Rs 1 lakh only in the next year as against Rs 3·57 lakhs received in the current year for the period ended 1932 and for the first half of 1932—33.

Land Revenue.—The payment of Rs 1·34 lakhs in the current year to the Palace on account of net revenue from Kandukrishi lands during 1107 is deducted from the gross receipts under Land Revenue The similar payment for the next year is proposed to be met from the balance under Kandukrishi Fund. This accounts mainly for the expected increase under this head.

Forest.—The timber market is exceptionally dull this year on account of the prevailing economic depression. A slight improvement of Rs ·50 of a lakh is expected next year. The estimated receipt of Rs 12 lakhs for 1109 is, however, less than the actuals of 1107 by Rs 1·06 lakhs.

Railways.—The working of the Railway from Shencotta to Trivandrum for the year ended March 1933 resulted in a net loss o Rs ·52 of a lakh as against Rs ·74 of a lakh for the previous year. As

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[Mr. R. Nilakanta Pillai.]

there is no improvement so far in the earnings of the Railways a net loss of Rs ·50 of a lakh is estimated for the next year.

EXPENDITURE CHARGED TO REVENUE.

8. The budget proposals of heads of departments for the next year have been subjected to a close and careful scrutiny and the normal requirements of all departments provided for. The important nation-building activities were also considered and funds provided as far as possible. The programme of expenditure charged to revenue of the next year is thus estimated at Rs 229·25 lakhs.

9. *Land Revenue.*—The estimated expenditure for the next year is Rs ·31 of a lakh more than the anticipated actuals of the current year. In pursuance of Section 40 (*c*) of the Jenmi and Kudiyan Amendment Regulation, XII of 1108, a Special Officer with an office staff was appointed in Kumbhom last for the settlement of Jenmikaram throughout the State. In the course of the Special Officer's work, it was found that the normal staff in the taluk offices would not be able to cope with the increased work and additional temporary staff had therefore to be appointed in the taluk offices from Edavom last. Subsequently it was found that the Tahsildars with their various duties to attend to had very little time to devote to this special work and that unaided, it might take a very long time for them to complete the work. As the Jenmikaram settlement work has to be expedited, the appointment of full-time officers with power to dispose of jenmikaram cases is considered essential. Provision has therefore been made for the appointment of 37 Jenmikaram Settlement Officers with a small additional taluk staff for six months in 1109, as also for the continuance of the office of the Special Officer to the end of Tulam 1109, after which date, the whole work will be placed under the control of the Land Revenue Commissioner. The existing taluk staff is provided for to the end of Dhanu next.

The question of a re-survey and re-settlement was urged on the attention of Government at successive sessions of the Sri Mulam Popular Assembly and the Legislative Council. But before the actual settlement operations are started, it is necessary to draw up a comprehensive memorandum dealing with the principles and the lines of settlement to be followed. A Special Officer has therefore been appointed for the purpose for a period of one year from 10th Edavom 1108. He will devote his attention to the outstanding problems for the future settlement discussed by the Settlement Dewan Peishkar in his final report and, in particular, to the problems relating to the prepartion of current and up-to-date field maps, revision of territorial limits and rearrangement of taluks and pakuthies, the adoption of a uniform commutation rate for the tax on wet lands throughout the State in view of the varying rates of commutation for different proportions of wet land tax, the equalisation of assessment, the simplification of land tenures, the conversion of Thiruppuvaram payments into treasury payments and

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